Form **8949**

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

Sales and Other Dispositions of Capital Assets

▶ Information about Form 8949 and its separate instructions is at www.irs.gov/form8949.

▶ File with your Schedule D to list your transactions for lines 1b, 2, 3, 8b, 9, and 10 of Schedule D.

OMB No. 1545-0074

2015

Attachment
Sequence No. 12A

Name(s) shown on return

Social security number or taxpayer identification number

statement	I check Box A, B, or C below, see whether you received any Form(s) 1099-B or substitute statement(s) from your broker. A substitute will have the same information as Form 1099-B. Either will show whether your basis (usually your cost) was reported to the IRS by your a may even tell you which box to check.
Part I	Short-Term. Transactions involving capital assets you held 1 year or less are short term. For long-term transactions, see page 2.
	Note: You may aggregate all short-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was reported to the IRS and for which no adjustments or codes are required. Enter the totals directly on Schedule D, line 1a; you aren't required to report these transactions on Form 8949 (see instructions).
complete	et check Box A, B, or C below. Check only one box. If more than one box applies for your short-term transactions, as a separate Form 8949, page 1, for each applicable box. If you have more short-term transactions than will fit on this page if more of the boxes, complete as many forms with the same box checked as you need.
	Short-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was reported to the IRS (see Note above) Short-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was not reported to the IRS

1 (a) Description of property (Example: 100 sh. XYZ Co.)	(b) Date acquired (Mo., day, yr.)	(c) Date sold or disposed of (Mo., day, yr.)	(d) Proceeds (sales price) (see instructions)	(e) Cost or other basis. See the Note below and see <i>Column</i> (e) in the separate instructions	See the separate instructions.		Gain or (loss). Subtract column (e) from column (d) and
					Code(s) from instructions	(g) Amount of adjustment	combine the result with column (g)
2 Totals. Add the amounts in columns negative amounts). Enter each tota Schedule D, line 1b (if Box A above	I here and inclis checked), lin	ude on your le 2 (if Box B					

Note: If you checked Box A above but the basis reported to the IRS was incorrect, enter in column (e) the basis as reported to the IRS, and enter an adjustment in column (g) to correct the basis. See *Column* (g) in the separate instructions for how to figure the amount of the adjustment.

(C) Short-term transactions not reported to you on Form 1099-B

Form 8949 (2015) Attachment Sequence No. 12A Page 2

Name(s) shown on return. Name and SSN or taxpayer identification no. not required if shown on other side

Social security number or taxpayer identification number

Before you check Box D, E, or F below, see whether you received any Form(s) 1099-B or substitute statement(s) from your broker. A substitute statement will have the same information as Form 1099-B. Either will show whether your basis (usually your cost) was reported to the IRS by your broker and may even tell you which box to check.

Part II

Long-Term. Transactions involving capital assets you held more than 1 year are long term. For short-term transactions, see page 1.

Note: You may aggregate all long-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis was reported to the IRS and for which no adjustments or codes are required. Enter the totals directly on Schedule D, line 8a; you aren't required to report these transactions on Form 8949 (see instructions).

You *must* check Box D, E, *or* F below. Check only one box. If more than one box applies for your long-term transactions, complete a separate Form 8949, page 2, for each applicable box. If you have more long-term transactions than will fit on this page for one or more of the boxes, complete as many forms with the same box checked as you need.

☐ (D) Long-term transactions☐ (E) Long-term transactions☐ (F) Long-term transactions	reported on	Form(s) 1099	-B showing bas))
1 (a) Description of property	(b) Date acquired (Mo., day, yr.)	(c)	(d) Proceeds (sales price)	(e) Cost or other basis. See the Note below and see <i>Column</i> (e) in the separate instructions			(h) Gain or (loss). Subtract column (e)
(Example: 100 sh. XYZ Co.)					(f) Code(s) from instructions	(g) Amount of adjustment	from column (d) and combine the result with column (g)
2 Totals. Add the amounts in columns negative amounts). Enter each total Schedule D, line 8b (if Box D above above is checked), or line 10 (if Box	here and includ is checked), lin	e on your ne 9 (if Box E					

Note: If you checked Box D above but the basis reported to the IRS was incorrect, enter in column (e) the basis as reported to the IRS, and enter an adjustment in column (g) to correct the basis. See *Column* (g) in the separate instructions for how to figure the amount of the adjustment.