Company Name:		_
For the	Profit and Loss Statem _Ended_	ent and
Time Period		
		<u> </u>
Revenues		
Revenue from Primary Activites		
(Less Returns and Allowances)		
Total Revenue		
Costs		
Cost of Revenue		
GROSS PROFIT		
O (		
Operating Expenses General and Administrative		
Insurance		
Non Recurring Payroll Taxes		
Rent		
Research and Development		
Salaries and Wages		
Sales and Marketing		
Utilities Utilities		
Other		
Total Operating Expenses		
		<u> </u>
OPERATING INCOME		
<u>.</u>		
Non-Operating or Other		
Interest Revenue		
(Interest Expense)		
Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Assets		
Gain/(Loss) from Legal Action		
(Depreciation and Amortization)		
Other Gain		
(Other Loss)		
Total Non-Operating or Other		
<b>Discontinued Operations</b>		

Gain/(Loss)

Gain/(Loss)

Taxes

**Extraordinary Items** 

PRE-TAX INCOME

Income Tax Expense

**NET INCOME** 

## **Profit and Loss Statement**

## **Instructions**

Company Name:\_

Any income tax expenses should be

listed here.

Name of your company

This profit and loss statement covers

	Profit and Loss Statement						two periods of time. An example for
	For the		Ended	_and			this line might be "For the <b>Two Quarters</b> Ended 3/31/2014 and
3	Time Period						6/31/2014
4.						3	Enter the same periods of time and
إنا	Revenues						end dates as above in the two boxes
-	Revenue from Primary Activites (Less Returns and Allowances)						provided
<u> </u>	(	<u> </u>					•
L	Total Revenue					4	Revenue from primary activities
	Costs	1					includes the proceeds from your
5	Cost of Revenue	+					company's main source of income. If
		,-I	<b>.</b>				you ran a lemonade stand, for instance,
6	GROSS PROFIT						your revenue would come from the sale
							of lemonade.
/	Operating Expenses						
$\Box$	General and Administrative Insurance	+					Returns and allowances include any
-	Non Recurring						cash or credit refunds or rebates
	Payroll Taxes	1					provided to customers and any
	Rent						additional reductions in the sale price of
L	Research and Development						merchandise for customers.
	Salaries and Wages						more managed for customers.
H	Sales and Marketing Other	+					The total is revenue minus returns and
H	Total Operating Expenses						allowances.
L	Total Operating Expenses	.1					ano wances.
						E	The cost of your company's revenue is
8	OPERATING INCOME					5	the amount spent on things directly
							related to your primary activities. Our
9	Non-Operating or Other Interest Revenue						lemonade stand would include the
	(Interest Expense)	+					amount spent on factors of production
-	Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Assets						like lemons, sugar, and water in the
	Gain/(Loss) from Legal Action	1					costs section of its profit and loss
	(Depreciation and Amortization)						statement. Any other expenses, even the
L	Other Gain						wages of workers, will be included in
F	(Other Loss)						another section of the statement.
L	Total Non-Operating or Other						another section of the statement.
	<b>Discontinued Operations</b>						Note that companies that exclusively
10	Gain/(Loss)						provide services traditionally leave the
							costs section blank and include their
11	Extraordinary Items Gain/(Loss)						costs under operating expenses.
	Gaill/(Loss)						costs under operating expenses.
12	PRE-TAX INCOME						
13 <sub>1</sub>							
13	Taxes					4	Gross profit is calculated by subtracting
14 <sup>1</sup>	Income Tax Expense					6	costs from total revenue.
سا	NET INCOME	1					costs from total revenue.
L	NET INCOME						
	Operating expenses include	e expenses unrelated t	o the primary 8	Operating income is	9	Non-operating	g gains include income from sources
7	activities of your company	The operating expen	ses of our	calculated by			our company's primary activities. If our
	lemonade stand might incl			subtracting total		lemonade star	nd sold some of its land to a neighboring
	on the stand, and advertising			operating expenses			gains would be reported here. The total
	each individual expense.	ing costs. The total is the	iic suiii 01	from operating			gains minus the sum of losses (in
	cacii iliuividuai expelise.						gams minus me sum on 1088es (m
				income.		parentheses).	
	Amy going c-1 £	gionificant (1)	A my main = 1	a frame outre	40	Dec tor	so is the sum of an aretine in a sum of
40	Any gains or losses from s			s from extremely rare			ne is the sum of operating income plus
10	discontinued operations (e			nces (e.g., a tornado in			rating or other, plus or minus gains or
	discontinued product categ	gory) should	Alaska but not a to				tively) from discontinued operations and
	be reported here.		should be reported	here.		extraordinary	items.

Net income is calculated by subtracting tax expenses from pre-tax income. This final figure is

the end result of the process of creating an income statement.